

Section 1 Sample Types and Frequencies

6-101 General

Sampling and testing materials or products and quality of work must be in strict accordance with contract specifications. Sampling and testing are of equal importance.

Samplers must be familiar with materials handling and processing methods as well as contract requirements. Their knowledge of testing must be sufficient to ensure compatibility between samples and test procedures.

It is the resident engineer's responsibility to ensure the safety of the sampler. The sampler should report any hazardous conditions encountered to the resident engineer. The district weights and measures coordinator inspects material production plants for safety in areas that the sampler will enter.

6-102 Types of Sampling and Testing

The following describes the different types of sampling and testing used by Caltrans.

6-102A Preliminary Tests

Preliminary tests are tests made prior to award of a contract. Construction personnel rarely sample for preliminary tests. Such tests are used for design purposes to provide data for the materials information package for prospective bidders.

6-102B Initial Samples and Tests

Initial samples and tests are performed on materials proposed for use in the project. These tests determine whether proposed materials or products meet specifications.

Construction personnel may sample potential sources. Tests may be performed by the district materials laboratory or the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services, (METS) depending on their respective capabilities.

Soils and aggregate samples to be tested by METS must be forwarded by the district materials laboratory. Do not send them directly to METS.

Sampling and testing potential source materials is not mandatory unless specified. Charge the contractor for the cost of sampling and testing potential sources in accordance with Section 6, "Control of Materials," of the *Standard Specifications*. The normal time required for complete testing of potential sources is as follows:

Table 6-1.1 Time Required for Source Testing

Aggregates for bituminous mixtures	2 weeks
Aggregates for cement treatment	4 weeks
Aggregates for concrete mixture	4 weeks
Aggregates for concrete pavement	60 days
Screenings	2 weeks
Soils	3 weeks
Untreated base materials	3 weeks

Section 1 Sample Types and Frequencies

6-101 General

6-102 Types of Sampling and Testing

6-102C Acceptance Tests

Acceptance tests are tests performed on materials that will be incorporated into the work. Sampling should begin as soon as the material is delivered or in place. Continue acceptance testing as work progresses.

Sample materials entering the work at the locations specified in the *Standard Specifications* or the special provisions. If the sampling location is not specified, sample at the location indicated in the tables, at the end of this section. Sample products such as portland cement concrete, concrete treated base, and asphalt concrete randomly.

Turn around times required for specific acceptance tests performed by a Caltrans materials laboratory are shown in the following table:

Table 6-1.2 Turn Around Times for Acceptance Tests

Material	Priority tests	Normal tests
	(Work Days)	(Work Days)
Aggregates for cement treatment		
(R-Value only)	5	7
Aggregates for concrete	3	7
Aggregates to be mixed with bituminous material in the lab	10	(priority only)
Base materials, untreated	7	12
Bituminous mixture	3	7
Asphaltic emulsion	3	15
Liquid asphalt	3	15
Paving asphalt	3	15
Portland cement	12	30
Screenings	3	7
		Minimum Time (Work days)
Coating tests		3
Expansion joint material		3
Fencing, all types		2
Guide posts		3
Geosynthetic fabrics		3
Geosynthetic fabrics (UV testing)		45
Metal guardrail		7
Pavement markers		4
Prestressing steel		10
Reinforcing steel and wire		2
Rubber (accompanied by manufacturers test report)		3
Rubber (without test report)		14
Structural steel		10
Type B joint seal		7



6-102C (1) Priority of Testing Samples

Mark all Form TL-0101s, "Sample Identification Card," "Priority" or "Normal".

6-102C (1a) Priority

Use the "priority" designation for the first few samples of each construction material and all acceptance samples and tests of bituminous mixtures. Continue using the priority designation until the resident engineer has assurance that the material being produced is of consistent quality. Use the "priority" designation for all samples if the material being supplied is of questionable quality or if the operation or the source of the material changes.

Indicate if there is a preference for telephone, faxed, or e-mailed test results on Form TL-0101, along with the telephone number of the person who is to receive them.

6-102C (1b) Normal

For tests on samples from potential sources and for samples on materials entering the work after the resident engineer has assurance that the material is of consistent acceptable quality use the "normal" designation. Reports on tests with "normal" designations are distributed by mail.

6-102C (2) Certification of Samplers and Testers

All acceptance testers require certification. No tests or samples are to be taken on Caltrans projects unless the tester is certified in the test being performed.

Training and certification of samplers and testers is covered in detail in the *Quality Assurance Program Manual*.

6-102D Independent Assurance Sampling and Testing

Independent assurance sampling and testing is the responsibility of the district materials engineer. See the *Quality Assurance Program Manual* published by METS for details. The district materials unit keeps results of independent assurance samples and tests.

If any of the assurance tests fail, the tester will notify the resident engineer immediately by telephone.

6-102E Federal Highway Administration Samples and Tests

When the project includes federal funding, a representative of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) may select samples or sample locations. Label the sampling, directed by FHWA, "FHWA Check Samples," and send them to either the district materials laboratory or METS for testing. FHWA, the district materials engineer, and the resident engineer receive copies of test results for check samples.

6-102F Special Samples and Tests

Specific problems such as roadway failures, difficulty in achieving required densities, or inconsistent test results, may require special samples and tests. When such material problems are encountered, contact the district materials engineer. The district materials engineer may request help from the Division of Construction or METS. The unit that requests a research project will provide oversight for special investigations and sampling.

6-103 Acceptance Records

Acceptance Records

Keep records of all samples and tests in the project files as permanent job records. Materials incorporated into the project, represented by failing tests, must be documented in the project files also. For more information on procedures to follow in the case of failing tests refer to Section 3-6, "Control of Materials," of this manual.

It is not necessary to secure separate samples for each project when two or more projects receive materials from the same source. File a copy of the test report with each project.

6-104 Test Result Summary

Test Result Summary

Monitor acceptance testing by using form CEM-3701, "Test Result Summary." Corrective action or retesting failing tests must be noted in the "Remarks" column of the form.

6-105 Field Tested Material Sample Identification

Field Tested Material Sample Identification

Prepare Form TL-0101, "Sample Identification Card," in accordance with the following details:

- Fill in every blank space with complete information, including the quantity and lot of the material sampled.
- Distribute copies as shown on the form on the same day the sample is shipped.
- The "Location of Source" must clearly indicate the place where the sample was obtained.
- For liquid asphalts, paving asphalts and asphaltic emulsions include the refinery designations and shipment number. This data is available from the Certificate of Compliance that accompanies the materials.
- For asphalt concrete samples, be sure to:
 1. Identify the plant producing the material.
 2. Include the type of mix and maximum size of aggregate represented by the sample.
 3. Under "Remarks," include the grade and source of the bituminous binder contained in the sample.
 4. Under "Remarks," record the percentage of bituminous binder designated by the engineer.
- Be sure that the Sample Identification Card indicates the use for which the material is intended so that the proper tests will be performed. This is especially important for electrical conductors, as the applicable specifications depend on where and how the conductor is to be used. Without this information, the testing engineer does not know what specification to use in determining compliance.
- Indicate whether it is intended to crush oversize material or if any special blends are contemplated for potential sources of aggregate testing.
- To protect the Sample Identification Card against moisture or stains, place it in an oil and waterproof envelope.



6-106 Contractor Requested Sampling and Testing from Local Deposits

When charging the contractor for testing local materials as specified in Section 6-2, "Local Materials," of the *Standard Specifications* note this under "Remarks" on Form TL-0101. The district materials laboratory will advise the resident engineer of the amount of the charges.

6-106 Contractor Requested Sampling and Testing from Local Deposits

6-107 Shipping of Samples

When shipping samples from the job to the laboratory, use the most economical mode of transportation available consistent with the time element involved. Do not ship samples cash on delivery to METS.

6-107 Shipping of Samples

6-108 Project Certification

Send a materials certification memorandum to the Division of Construction upon completion of each project. File a copy of the memorandum in the job files and forward the original to the Division of Construction as soon as possible, preferably with submission of the final or semifinal estimate. Note All non-conforming materials on the memorandum. This includes materials accepted at reduced pay factors under acceptance specifications.

For federally funded projects early submission of the memorandum is necessary to expedite the submission of a voucher to FHWA.

A construction engineer must sign the materials certification memorandum.

An example materials certification memorandum follows:

6-108 Project Certification

Example 6-1.1 Project Certification Memorandum

State of California

Business Transportation and Housing Agency

Memorandum

To:

Division of Construction
Attention: Progress Pay Coordinator

Date:
File: Category 61
Job Stamp:

From: **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

Subject: Materials Certification

This is to certify that:

The results of the tests on acceptance samples indicate that the materials incorporated in the construction work and the construction operations controlled by sampling and testing were in conformity with the approved plans and specifications

- Exceptions to the plan and specifications are explained on the back of this memorandum (or on attached sheet).
- No Exceptions to the plans and specifications were found.

(signed by a Construction Engineer)



6-109 Materials

The tables on the following pages provide a guide for sampling and testing requirements.

Close adherence to the sample size requirement shown in the table will prevent unnecessary delays and the expense of obtaining supplementary samples to complete tests.

The frequency of sampling indicated in the tables is a guide under normal conditions. Materials well within specifications and uniform in character may require less frequent sampling and testing.

In the project files, document adjustments to the testing frequencies shown in the tables.

6-109 Materials

Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – PAVEMENT (1 of 3)

MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
				LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Rattle (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	1 for every 400 m ³ , 1 per day m in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per accumulation 250 m ³	1 for every 3,000 m ³ , if production is less than 40%. See Note (1)
	Cleanliness Value	227				Recommend 1 acceptance test per day #3 consecutive tests over 80
	Alkalinity Reactivity	ASTM C1293 or ASTM C1260	Aggregate producer submit its certified test results from qualified lab to M ETS for approval			Contact M ETS for list of approved sources
FINE AGGREGATE	Cobalt Test	213	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	Only first test shows critical or contamination is suspected	
	Mortar Strength	515			1 for every 400 m ³ , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per accumulation 250 m ³	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day #3 consecutive tests over 80
	Sand Equivalent	217				
	Durability	229				

AGGREGATE



Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – PAVEMENT (2 of 3)

COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Specific Gravity & Absorption	206, 207	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	When aggregate source changes, See Note (7)	
	Soundness	214			Soundness for Fine Aggregate waived if durability is > 60	
	Sieve Analysis	202			1 every 400 m ³ , 1 per day m in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per accumulation 250 m ³	
FREEZE-THAW	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)			
MOISTURE	223 &/or 226		Not applicable	1 every 400 m ³ , 1 per day m in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per accumulation 250 m ³	Sample must be in an airtight container	
CEMENT	Various Properties	3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	1 every 400 m ³ , 1 per day m in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per accumulation 250 m ³	If no Certificate of Compliance, sample at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands	
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lid, sealed lid.	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use usually need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On-job wells are to be tested	
AIR-ENTRAINING AGENT	Air entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C 260	1-L can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job site each time brand is changed	
ADMIXTURES	Chained properties, chloride identification	ASTM C 494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use	Prior to sampling and testing, check with METS for brands that may be used when properly certified	

Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) – PAVEMENT (3 of 3)

CONCRETE	Yield BallPenetration	518 533	See testmethod. See Note (8) See ASTM C172	1 foreach 4 hours production When testspecimen is fabricated and when consistency or uniformity is questionable, in 2 perday	1 foreach 4 hours production When testused for payment, 1 pereach 1,200 m ³ , m in.or 2 perm k design perjob
Modulus of Rupture	523	1 setof3 beams 150 x 800 mm (in.) for centerpoint loading and 150 x 150 x 110 mm (in.) for third- point loading	1 setforeach 3,000 m ³	Recommend in 2 sets pershift. Normally from each set, break 1 beam at 7 days, 1 beam at 10 days, and 3rd beam as required, 50% decrease after 10 sets if all compliance	
AirContent	504		As required, min.once every 4 hours, each time 518 is performed	When specified for freeze thaw resistance, acceptance testing shall not be less than once every hour	
Coarse aggregate perm 3 of concrete	529	45 kg	As required to assure uniformity ofconcretes, see Standard Specifications ,Section 90-6-01		
Thickness	531		As required, see Standard Specifications ,Section 40-1-35		
PIEMENTED CURING COMPOUND	Compliance (See Standard Specifications & special provisions)	1-L can	As new shipments arrive on job or each time brand is changed	For chlorinated rubberbase type, sample and testifnot previously inspected at the source	

Note:

- (1) Not required if P.C. from same source is used on otherwork and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actualtestresults may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From materialsite or stockpile: 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 37.5 mm x 19 mm -35 kg of 19 mm x 19 mm -35 kg of pea gravel-25 kg of sand. This materialfor testmust be 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 214, 217, 227, 229 and 515.
- (4) See California TestNo.528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services (METS).
- (5) Contact district materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) For lightweight concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and materialappears to be ofuniform composition, a max. of 2 tests perday will satisfy acceptance testrequirements forthis material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cementcontentwill be made based on the results ofCalifornia TestNo. 518.
- (9) See California TestNo. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (1 of 3)

MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
				LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Rattler (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	1 forevery 400 m ³ , 1 perday m.h. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ualite 250 m ³ .	Recom mend 1 acceptance testperday #3 consecutive tests over 80
Cleanness Value	227					Contact M ETS for list of approved sources
Alkalis Iba Reactivity	ASTM C1293 or ASTM C1260		Aggregate producer subm is certified test results from qualified lab to M ETS for approval			
FINE AGGREGATE	Colometric Test Mortar Strength	213 515	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	Only #initial test shows critical contamination is suspected	
Sand Equivalent	217				1 forevery 400 m ³ , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ualite 250 m ³	Recom mend 1 acceptance testperday #3 consecutive tests over 80
Durability	229					
COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Specific Gravity & Absorption Soundness Sieve Analysis	206, 207 214 202	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	When aggregate source changes, See Note (7)	Soundness for Fire Aggregate w aived if durability is > 60
Moisture	223 &/or 226	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)		1 forevery 400 m ³ , 1 perday m.h. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ualite 250 m ³
						Sample must be in an airtight container
						Sample ualite 250 m ³

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, See Notes (6) (9) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls

Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (2 of 3)

CEMENT Properties	Various Properties	3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance. See REMARKS)	1 forevery 400 m ³ , 1 perday m in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ultime 250 m ³	No Certificate of Compliance, sample at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands
	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jig with lined, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)	Chlorides usually need no test unless suspected of high chlorite or sulfate content. On job-wells are to be tested
WATER REDUCERS OR SET RETARDER	Air entraining properties, chlorite identification	ASTM C260	Sam ples must reach M ETS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job or each time brand is changed	Prior to sampling and testing, check with M ETS for brands that may be used when properly certified
	Chloride properties, chlorite identification	ASTM C494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Sam ples must reach M ETS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use	
Yield		518	See test method. See Note (8)	See ASTM C172	As necessary to assure accuracy of mix design; m.h. 2 pereach mix design
CONCRETE TESTS		533			When test specimen is fabricated & when consistency or uniformity is questionable, m.h. 2 perday
Ball Penetration					
Slump		ASTM C143			Concrete placed underwater, seal course
Compressive Strength		ASTM C172, 540	1 set of 125 x 250 mm cylinders for each test	See ASTM C172	1 set for approximatly every 250 m ³ concrete or as required for acceptance. M.h. 1 set per job and class of concrete for each days production of critical structural elements
Air Content		504			M.h. once every 4 hours of production and when test specimens are fabricated
Coarse aggregate perm ³ of concrete		529			As required to assure uniformity of concrete, see Standard Specifications, Section 90
					Where air is specified for freeze-thaw resistance, a m.in. of 1 per each 25 m ³



Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (3 of 3)

PRESTRESSED TENDON GROUT	E-flux time	541	1-L25 x 250 mm cylinder old can	From batch immediately after mixing for prequalification, thereafter from outlet end of tendon and/or storage tank	At the start of each day's work and thereafter 1 test per each 5% of products	Repeat acceptance tests whenever source of material is changed
PIGMENTED CURING COMPOUND	Compliance (See Standard Specifications and special provisions)		1-L Can		Periodically to ensure compliance	

Note:

- (1) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From materials site or stockpile; 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 37.5 mm x 19 mm - 35 kg of 19 mm x No. 4-35 kg of pea gravel-25 kg of sand. This material for test must be 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 217, 227 229 and 515.
- (4) See California Test No. 528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services (METS).
- (5) Contact district materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) For lightweight concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be uniform composition, a max. of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cement content will be made based on the results of California Test No. 518.
- (9) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.5 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE

				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS
MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING
AGGREGATE	COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Rattler (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)
	Cleanliness value	227			1 forevery 400 m ³ , 1 perday in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 per day, 3 consecutive tests over 80 m ³
	FINE AGGREGATE	Cobmetrix Test Mortar Strength	213 515	See Note (3)	See Note (2)
	Sand Equivalent	217			Only if initial test shows critical or contamination is suspected
	Durability	229			1 forevery 400 m ³ , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ulate 250 m ³
	COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Specific Gravity & Absorption	206,207	See Note (3)	When aggregate source changes. See Note (7)
	Soundness	214			Soundness for Fine Aggregate waived if durability is > 60
	Shake Analysis	202			1 forevery 400 m ³ , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ulate 250 m ³
	Freeze-Thaw	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)	
CEMENT See Note (6)	Moisture	223 &/or 226		Not applicable	1 forevery 400 m ³ , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m ³ , 1 peraccum ulate 250 m ³
	Vardus Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See Remarks)	1 foreeach 400 m ³ used. 1 per day m.n., 2 perday max. See Note (1). See Section 6-2 of this manual.
				Sample at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands	

PORLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE , See Notes (6) (9) (10)



Table 6-1.5 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE cont.

ADMIXTURES	WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lid, sealed lid.	As required for use (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use usually need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On-job wells are to be tested
	AIR ENTRAINING AGENT	Air entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C260	1-L can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job, or each time brand is changed
	WATER REDUCERS OR SET RETARDERS	Claimed properties, chloride identification	ASTM C494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use	Prior to sampling and testing, check with METS for brands that may be used when properly certified
	YIELD, CEMENT CONCRETE	Factor	518	See test method, See Note (8)	See ASTM C172	Yield test used for payment, 1 per each 1200 m ³ , m.h. of 2 per m.k design per job
	BALL PENETRATION		533		When test specimen is fabricated & when consistency or uniformity is questionable, M in. 2 per day	
	SLUMP		ASTM C143			Concrete placed underwater
	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH		ASTM C172, 540	1 set of 125 x 250 mm cylinders	One set for each day when volume exceeds 20 m ³ , See Note (1). None if total days run less than 20 m ³	
	AIR CONTENT		504		As required. See specifications.	Where specified for freeze-thaw resistance

Note:

- (1) Not required if P.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From materials or stockpiles; 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 37.5 mm x 19 mm - 35 kg of 19 mm x No. 4-35 kg of pea gravel - 25 kg of sand. This material for test runs best 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 217, 227 229 and 515.
- (4) See California Test No. 528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services METS).
- (5) Contact district materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) Form for concrete, sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a max. of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cement content will be made based on the results of California Test No. 518.
- (9) For highway concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (10) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.6 ASPHALT CONCRETE

ASPHALT CONCRETE , See Notes 2) (3)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS
MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING
AGGREGATE PRODUCT MIXING	LA Rattle (500 Rev.)	211	Type A & B UNPROCESSED 115 kg	Materials site, stockpile, or plant, See Note (7)	As necessary for acceptance, See Note (8)
	Specific Gravity (coarse and fine aggregate)	206,208	PROCESSED 25 kg of each bin size		
	CKE	303			
	% Coined Particles	205	Open graded 25 kg		
	Sieve Analysis	202,105			
	Sand Equivalent	217			
	Film Stripping	302			
PAVING ASPHALT, LIQUID ASPHALT, ASPHALTIC EMULSION				Test if no Asphalt can be obtained in accordance with applicable section of Standard Specifications	Test if no Certifications of Compliance. Asphaltic, See Note (6)
				Emulsion 2-L plastic jug	Test if no Certification of compliance. Emulsion Storage Tank
					Made on open graded asphalt concrete only
					Once daily, See Note (6)
					Test if no Certifications of Compliance. Emulsion Storage Tank



Table 6-1.6 ASPHALT CONCRETE cont.

COMPLETE MIXTURE	Swell	305	DGAC 7 KG CARTON OGAC 1-L can	As necessary for information and/or acceptance	When less than a total of 450 tonnes is to be placed, sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion.
	Moist Vapor Susceptibility	307			Total sample:
	Stabilometer	366			DGAC : Four cartons (about 30 kg)
	Sieve Analysis	202			OGAC : Four 1-L cans (about 6 kg)
	Asphalt Content	310, 362, 379			
	Moisture	310, 370			1 for each 450 tonnes, 2 per day in.
	In-Place Density	375	As specified or lot size		1 sample representing each 4 hours of production
	Max. Density	375	Two 7-kg cartons		As per California Test 375

Note:

- (1) On smaller projects being supplied from sources currently in use on larger projects, a copy of the acceptance test information on asphalt concrete aggregate is all that is required.
- (2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.
- (3) When special provisions state that production shall "from commercial quality asphalt and aggregate", sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion.
- (4) Not required if C.O. from same source is being used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate tests, results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (5) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a max. of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (6) When continuous mixing plants used, sample and test for specific gravity at least monthly.
- (7) When sampling for AC mix design (California Test No. 367), aggregate samples must be taken from the combined feed in advance of mixing, for batch mixing, samples from hot bins.
- (8) Refer to Standard Specifications 39-3.03, "Proportioning" for frequency of AC mix design (California Test No. 367) sampling.

Table 6-1.7 LEAN CONCRETE BASE

LEAN CONCRETE BASE , See Note (2)		ACCEPTANCE TESTS	
MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING
AGGREGATE	Sand Equivalent	217 45 kg for aggregate qualification	Materials site or stockpile 1 sample for each 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)
	Stone Analysis	202, 105	
CEMENT	Compressive strength of laboratory mixtures, cement content	548	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)
WATER	Various Properties	3.5 kg	Each 100 tonnes of cement, 2 per day max.
ADMIXTURES	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 471 Clean 2-L plastic jug with tied, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)
	Air entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C 260	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)
ADMIXTURES	Water Reducers or Set Retarders	ASTM C 494	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use
			Prior to sampling and testing, contact METS for brands which may be used prior to sampling and testing when property certified



Table 6-1.7 LEAN CONCRETE BASE cont.

COMPLETED MIXTURE	Ball Penetration	533	See ASTM C172	At least once for every 4 hours of production
	Air Content	504		At least once for each day's production
CURING COMPOUND	Dimensions		As required	As required
	Compliance with specifications	1-L can		As new shipments arrive on job or each time brand is changed

Note:

- (1) If material is uniform and well within specification limits, the frequency is decreased to 1 a day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.8 CEMENT TREATED BASE ROAD MIX OR PLANT MIX

CEMENT TREATED BASE ROAD MIX OR PLANT MIX, See Note (2)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS
MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	REMARKS
AGGREGATE	R-Value (with & without cement)	301	45 kg for aggregate qualification	Materials site or stockpile	Class B only
	Compressive Strength	312			Class A
	Sieve Analysis	202, 105			1 sample for each 2750 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)
	Sand Equivalent	217			Minimum 1 acceptance test per project in all projects
COMPLETED MIX	Compressive Strength	312	See California Test 312 Part II	See Section 4-27 of this manual	As necessary for acceptance (See REMARKS)
	Cementation	338	See California Test 338 Part I		Use minimum of 1 person full-time during full-time operation
	Relative Compaction	312, 216, 231		1 sample for each 2750 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)	As necessary for information
	Thickness				
CEMENT	Various Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	Each 100 tonnes of cement, 2 per day max.
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lined, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On-the-job wells are to be tested.
LIQUID ASPHALT	In accordance with special provisions & Standard Specifications	1-L can		None with Certificate of Compliance. If no Certificate of Compliance, then from storage tank of distributor truck	Each shipment

Note:

- (1) If material is uniform and well within specification in its, the frequency is decreased to 1 per day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.9 ASPHALT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (ATPB)
 Table 6-1.10 CEMENT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (CTPB)

ASPHALT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (ATPB), See Note (1)				SOURCE TESTS ACCEPTANCE TESTS	
MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING
AGGREGATE	Grading	202	25 kg	Materials site, stockpile or plant bins	2 tins daily As necessary for acceptance
	% Crushed Particles	205			Once per 4 hours of production
	LA Ratter (500 Rev.)	211			1 for every 5 days paving, for 1st 10 days 3 consecutive tests over 62
	Channess Value	227			
	Film Stripping	302			
ASPHALT	In accordance with specifications		1-L can	Testimony from Certification of Compliance	One daily
COMPLETED MIX	Asphalt Content	310, 362	Two 1-L cans		1 for every 4 hours of production

CEMENT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (CTPB)

CEMENT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (CTPB)					
AGGREGATE	Grading	202	See Note (2)	See Note (3)	Once for each 4 hours of production, See Note (4)
	LA Ratter (500 Rev.)	211			One for each 4 hours of production, See Note (4)
	Channess Value	227			Once for each 100 tonnes, 2 per day max.
CEMENT	Various tests		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance	
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug w/lined, sealed in	At point of use (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On-the-job wells are to be tested

Note:

- (1) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.
- (2) 35 kg of 0.30 m No. 19 mm x No. 4. This material for test number 202, 211 and 227.
- (3) From materials site or stockpile, 60 days prior to use.
- (4) Not required if C.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.



Table 6-1.11 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MATERIAL PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	
					FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	REMARKS
AGGREGATE BASE	% Crushed Particles	205	45 kg for initial samples, 25 kg for control samples	Materials site or stockpile	As necessary for acceptance	Minimum 1 acceptance test per project
	Sieve Analysis	202			Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)	
	Durability Index	229			Initial source changes or new source developed	
	R-Value	301			Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Notes (1) (2)	
	Sand Equivalent	217			Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Notes (1) (2)	
	Moisture	226			2 tins daily if paid for by weight	
	Relative Compaction	216 or 231	15 kg		As necessary for acceptance	
	Dimensions					
AGGREGATE SUBBASE	Sieve Analysis	202	25 kg	Materials site or stockpile	Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)	Minimum 1 acceptance test per project
	R-Value	301			Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Notes (1) (2)	
	Sand Equivalent	217			Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m ³ , See Note (1)	
	Relative Compaction	216 or 231	15 kg		As necessary for acceptance	
	Dimensions					

Note:

(1) If material is uniform and well within specification limits, the frequency is decreased to 1 per day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.

(2) R-Value testing may be waived when test records demonstrate that the source, and having comparable grading and sand equivalent values, meets the minimum R-Value requirements.

(3) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.12 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS
					REMARKS	
IMPORTED BORROW	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg	Test soil below grading plane both in cut and in fill	As required for acceptance	
BASEMENT SOIL	R-Value	301	25 kg			
	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg			
	Grade Tolerance					
EMBANKMENT	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg			
SOIL OR AGGREGATE TO BE TREATED	Unconfined Compressive Strength	373	45 kg	Native soils, test each type of material to be treated	Initial source changes	To determine appropriate fine content
COMPLETED WORK	Lime Content	338	10 kg			
	Relative Compaction	216, 231				
	Densions					
LIME	Various Properties		2-L can with friction lid	None with Certificate of Compliance	Each bag delivered	
EMULSION (CURING SEAL)	Various Properties		2-L plastic jug	None with Certificate of Compliance. If no Certificate of Compliance, then from storage tank or distributor truck	Each shipment	

Note:

1) Not to be used for the treatment of AC aggregates.

2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.





Table 6-1.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS		ACCEPTANCE TESTS
				LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
Liquid Asphalt	Various Properties	1-LCAN	N one with Certificate of Compliance	Each shipment		
SAND	Sieve Analysis	202	25 kg	Material site or stockpile	As necessary for acceptance	
PAVING ASPHALT	Various Properties	Asphalt 1-L can, Emulsion 2-L plastic jug	None with Certificate of Compliance	Each shipment		
Liquid Asphalt, Asphaltic Emulsion	Binder Distribution	339				
SCREENINGS	LA Ratter	211	25 kg	Stockpile	As necessary for acceptance	
BUTUM NOUS SEALS				% Coated Particles	205	
BUTUM NOUS SEALS				Sieve Analysis	202, 105	
BUTUM NOUS SEALS				Film Stripping	302	Twice daily
BUTUM NOUS SEALS				Cleanliness Value	227	As necessary for acceptance
BUTUM NOUS SEALS				Sand Equivalent	217	Once daily
SLURRY SEAL AGGREGATE				Slurry Seal	12.5 kg	Stockpile
SLURRY SEAL AGGREGATE				Aggregate Sieve Analysis	202	As necessary for acceptance
SLURRY SEAL AGGREGATE				Film Stripping	302	
SLURRY SEAL AGGREGATE				Durability Index	229	
SOLID OR SEMI-SOLID OR REFINED ASPHALT				In accordance with Standard Specifications	1.5 kg	Barels or sacks
PERMEABLE MATERIAL				Sieve Analysis	202	Each 29 barrels or sacks
PERMEABLE MATERIAL				Durability Index	229	1 daily or as required for acceptance
PERMEABLE MATERIAL				Sand Equivalent	217	Initial source changes or new source developed 1 daily or as required for acceptance

Table 6-1.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS cont.

STRUCTURE BACKFILL	Sieve Analysis	202	25 KG	Materials site	As required for acceptance	
	Sand Equivalent	217				
	Relative Compaction	216 or 231				
SLOPE PROTECTION	Size		Quarry	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	Adequate size of slope protection documented by measuring or weighing the material	
	Apparent Specific Gravity	206				
	Absorption	206				
	Durability Index	229	35 kg			
	ASBESTOS SHEET PACKING		300 x 300 mm	1 each lot	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source	
	ASPHALT PLANK		Contact M ETS for instructions	Contact M ETS for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source	
BARBED WIRE			1 m length	Each 50 rolls or fraction	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source. If less than 150 m offence. See Note 1)	
BOLTS AND HARDWARE			2 samples each diameter	Each lot	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source	

Note:

1) Resident engineer may accept on the basis of visual examination provided the source has recently furnished similar material found to be satisfactory under the normal sampling and testing procedures of the Department. Place resident engineer's written approval in the project file.

2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.14 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS		ACCEPTANCE TESTS
				LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
BRICK	Compliance with specifications		10 fullsize 0.6 m width	Contact MTS for instructions	Each 50 rolls or fraction	Contact MTS for instructions
CHAIN LINK FENCING			Contact MTS for instructions			Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 10 M of fence, See note (1)
CONCRETE AND CLAY PIPE			150 mm long full width of sheet	Contact MTS for instructions		Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 30 M of fence, See note (1)
JOINT FILLER EXPANSION			2 each 75 mm long, include markings	Each 100 m ² not less than 2 percent		Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 10 M of fence, See note (1)
ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR			300 mm length from each end of length tested of each size	Each type each lot		Sample and test if not previously inspected at source. Certificate of Compliance required for 5000 V cable.
GALVANIZED PIPE			1 piece, 1 m x full width of roll	Each 500 lengths or fraction		Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
GEO-SYNTHETICS FILTER, REINFORCED & PAVING FABRIC, S/R FENCE, ETC.			Each lot		Certificate of Compliance required for each lot. Unroll at least 1 circumferential before sampling.	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
JOINT SEAL, TYPE B					1 sample from each component of each batch	
JOINT SEALING COMPOUND 2-COMPONENT POLYSULFIDE POLYURETHANE					1-L	Each lot
MOPPING ASPHALT						



MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

Table 6-1.14 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS cont.

PAINT	Compliance with specifications	For bridge or structure, send an unopened 20-L can. Form miscellaneous pointing, 1-L (see Section 6-2 in this manual)	Each batch	Unused portion of 20-L sample will be returned to job. See Section 6-2 in this manual. If less than 75-L, See Note (1).
		20 Makers	1 sample (20 makers) from each lot of 10,000 2 samples each size	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
PAVEMENT MARKERS		50 mm long from center of length		
PLASTIC CONDUIT		1 unit or full size bar		
RATED BARS (PRECAST)		2 samples 0.75m except 1m or #14 & #18	As necessary for acceptance	Sample and test at job site
REINFORCING STEEL			Contact MFGS for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
STEEL PRODUCTS			2 samples, 0.75 m cut parallel to direction of rolling	Each heat or lot or 10 tonnes or fraction
STRUCTURAL STEEL AND MISCELLANEOUS IRON AND STEEL				
WATER PROOFING MATERIALS	ASTM D 173	1 m ² of asphalt saturated cotton fabric	1 sample from each lot	Mashes of fabric shall be substantially open
	ASTM D 449	2.5 kg of asphalt		Contractors stock must be kept covered
	ASTM D 41	1-L of asphalt primer		
WIRE MESH REINFORCING		1 m ²	Each 10 tonnes or fraction	
WIRE ROPE OR CABLE		Per special provisions or as instructed	Per special provisions or as instructed, at time of use	

Note:

(1) Resident engineer may accept on the basis of visual examination provided the source has recently furnished similar material found to be satisfactory under the normal sampling and testing procedures of the Department. Place resident engineers written approval in the project file.